

GRID MODERNIZATION INITIATIVE PEER REVIEW GMLC 1.1 – Metrics Analysis

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GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis High Level Summary



Project Objectives Work directly with strategic stakeholders to confirm the usefulness of new and enhanced existing metrics that will guide grid modernization efforts to maintain and improve:

- Reliability,
- Resilience,
- Flexibility,
- Sustainability,
- Affordability, and
- Security.

Value Proposition

- Ensuring that all stakeholders understand how grid modernization investments will affect and benefit them
- <u>Audiences</u>: grid modernization technology developers and investors; utility and ISO technology adopters or sponsors; federal, state, and municipal regulatory or oversight authorities; and electricity consumers (i.e., the ratepayers)



Expected Outcomes

 Definition, Validation, and Adoption of metrics and analysis approaches by leading industry stakeholders and regional partners



PROJECT FUNDING				
	FY16 \$	FY17\$	FY18 \$	
total	1581	1584	1584	

GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Approach





Monisha Shah, Gian Porro, NREL, stakeholder leads

GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Approach

- Formation of a strong lab team with senior staff
 - Joe Eto, LBNL, Reliability lead, and +1
 - Vanessa Vargas, SNL and James Kavicky, ANL: Resilience leads
 - Tom Edmunds, LLNL: flexibility lead
 - Garvin Heath, NREL: Sustainability lead
 - Dave Anderson, PNNL: Affordability lead
 - Steve Folga, ANL: Security Lead











GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis



Accomplishments to Date

- Working partnerships:
 - <u>Reliability:</u> NERC, APPA, ERCOT
 - <u>Resilience:</u> NOLA, 100 Resilient Cities
 - <u>Flexibility:</u> ERCOT, CAISO
 - Sustainability: EIA, EPA, ERCOT, PG&E, MN-PUC
 - <u>Affordability</u>: SCE, WA State UTC
 - <u>Security</u>: EEI, ComEd , Idaho Falls Power, SCE
- Uptake of proposed metrics
 - EIA: submitted modifications to Form 861 and CBECS to reflect small DG generators (May, 2018)
 - APPA: ICE Calculator integrated into eReliability Tracker (Dec., 2017)
 - NOLA: building microgrid based on SNL's consequence-based approach and testing ANL's approach (Nov., 2017)
- Publications and information dissemination
 - Living document: Metrics Analysis: Reference Document, v2.1, May 2017
 - (Sustainability) Journal paper: CO₂ emission estimates from U.S. electricity: Potential for underestimation as grid modernizes (submitted to Energy & Environmental Science, 8/14/18)
 - (Resilience) Journal paper. Development of Grid Resilience Metrics (submitted to IEEE Transaction on Industrial Informatics on Resilience in Energy Industries, 4/30/2018)
 - 3 technical reports:
 - Flexibility¹
 - Affordability²
 - Resilience

Technical Workshops: EPRI, CEC, SCE, FERC, IEEE-PES, WI-PUC, Smart Grid Northwest

¹Edmunds, Thomas, Omar Alzaabi, and Andrew Mills, Flexibility Metrics to Support Grid Planning and Operations, *LLNL-CONF-738350, Siebel Energy Institute Future Markets Workshop*, Washington, DC, July 26, 2017. ² Anderson, David. 2018. *Electricity Affordability Metrics for the US*, National webinar of the Clean Energy States Alliance. June 14, 2018. PNNL-SA-135678.

GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Accomplishments to Date





 Demonstration prob. transmission planning metrics with ERCOT in progress

local resilience benefits Developed initial MCDA survey mechanism (March, 2018)

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GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Accomplishments to Date



Flexibility

Lead: Tom Edmunds(LLNL)

Value: Develop and demonstrate usefulness of new flexibility metrics

Developed large set of candidate metrics that represent network properties of flexibility and lack of flexibility, engaging stakeholders to identify most useful metrics

Lagging indicators

 Requires statistical analysis of market and grid conditions to reveal curtailments, loss of load, or other economic impacts caused by insufficient flexibility.

Leading indicators

- Requires production cost simulations with weather and other uncertainties to design for sufficient flexibility.
- Use production cost models to examine tradeoffs between different sources of flexibility.



Accomplishments Year 1+2:

- Reduced 23 metrics down to 5 essentials (Feb. 2018)
- Wrote software to visualize data and reveal trends with 5-years of CAISO & ERCOT data (Jul. 2018)
- Presentations to CAISO & ERCOT (Nov., 2017, Apr., 2018)

Sustainability 🔼 Lead: Garvin Heath (NREL)

Value: Identify needed improvements to GHG and water metrics and reporting

Evaluated current federal data products' ability to track changes in electric-sector CO₂ emissions that may result from future grid modernization; identified coverage gaps for certain energy sources anticipated to grow.

Completed survey of available water scarcity metrics.

Engaged with EIA and other stakeholders to improve federal data products' ability to track changes in electric-sector CO₂ emissions from distributed generation (DG).



Accomplishments Year 1+2:

- EIA survey teams are changing forms to better capture DG penetration in manufacturing (MECS), commercial (CBECS) and utility systems (861) (May, 2018)
- Demonstrated need for new *Relative Water Risk* metric (Jan, 2018)

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GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Accomplishments to Date

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GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Institutionalization Pathways



Reliability	American Public Power Association	Pathway: utility adoption • Metrics: ICE calculator adopted in eReliability Tracker
Resilience Flexibility	◆IEEE California ISO	 Pathway: city/utility adoption Metrics: adoption by NOLA to built Microgrids broad information dissemination through "100 Resilient Cities" Pathway: adoption by RTOs <u>Retrospective</u> metrics: through publishing in IEEE Prospective metrics: by working with ISOs
Sustainability	eia	 Pathway: Data Collection Agency Metrics: GHG Emissions of DERs Adoption into EIA End-use (MECS and CBECS) and Utility Surveys (EIA-861)
Affordability		Pathway: State Energy Offices Dashboard offered by Energy offices
Security	Edison Electric INSTITUTE	 Pathway: Utility Adoption Metrics: Physical Security Attributes PMI Dashboard offered by EEI to Member Utilities

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Next Steps and Future Plans

- Remainder of year 3 activities (expected end March 30, 2019)
 - Completing existing tools in all metrics areas
 - Transition of the Reference Document to more accessible document for targeted audience:
 - Into several documents with extended EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
 - Individual Metric subject discussions
 - Appendices with work products
 - Institutionalizing proposed metrics with
 - EIA: commercial buildings survey (CBECS): DG enhancements
 - CEC
 - EEI
 - IEEE
- Discussion with DOE on potential new/continued Metrics project with potential objectives
 - Enhance existing activities
 - Applying comprehensive set of metrics with partners to measure grid modernization progress



GMLC1.1: Metrics Analysis Mapping Metrics to Decisions and Stakeholders



- Motivation
 - Improve understanding of the metrics being used to inform decision-making in the electric sector (e.g., capacity investment, retirement, operations, policy, regulatory RD&D)
 - Complements to-date stakeholder approach
 - Use to inform Year 3 work plans and longer-term DOE metrics and valuation activities
- Approach
 - Elicit directly from representative stakeholders: metrics of most interest in their decisionmaking (leverage GMLC1.2.4: valuation framework development)
 - Mine from publicly-available proceedings and identify set of metric used
- Initial Findings (to be updated by August 27)
 - Several decision frameworks (e.g., NY REV) document a diverse set of benefit and cost metrics to inform a variety of decisions — may not always be applied in practice
 - More variation in breadth occurs in case- or proceeding-specific examples examined to date
 - Reliability and affordability metrics are commonly in use; sustainability (environmental, economic) appear less frequently; resilience still uncommon
 - Continuing to extend literature review to cover a broader range of situations e.g., performance regulation, transmission capacity investment, allocation of stranded costs associated with asset retirement

